

Spotlight on Safety – the role of road infrastructure

Contents

- The role of infrastructure in road safety
- How can infrastructure help improve safety?
- A look to the future



Role of infrastructure in road safety

When a crash occurs, road infrastructure has the most significant influence on the severity outcome of a crash. Improvements to infrastructure can contribute substantially to reductions in death and serious injury.

Source: Road Safety Manual, World Road Association (PIARC)

- Up to 80% reduction in fatal and serious injury
 - Roundabouts, barrier systems, speed management
- BCRs very high 8:1 for targeted improvements



- Key fatal and serious crash types:
 - Run-of-road (30%)
 - Intersections (20%)
 - Head-on (5%)
 - Rear end (15%)
- Key road users
 - Motorcycles (18%)
 - Pedestrians (10%)
 - Cyclists (7%)



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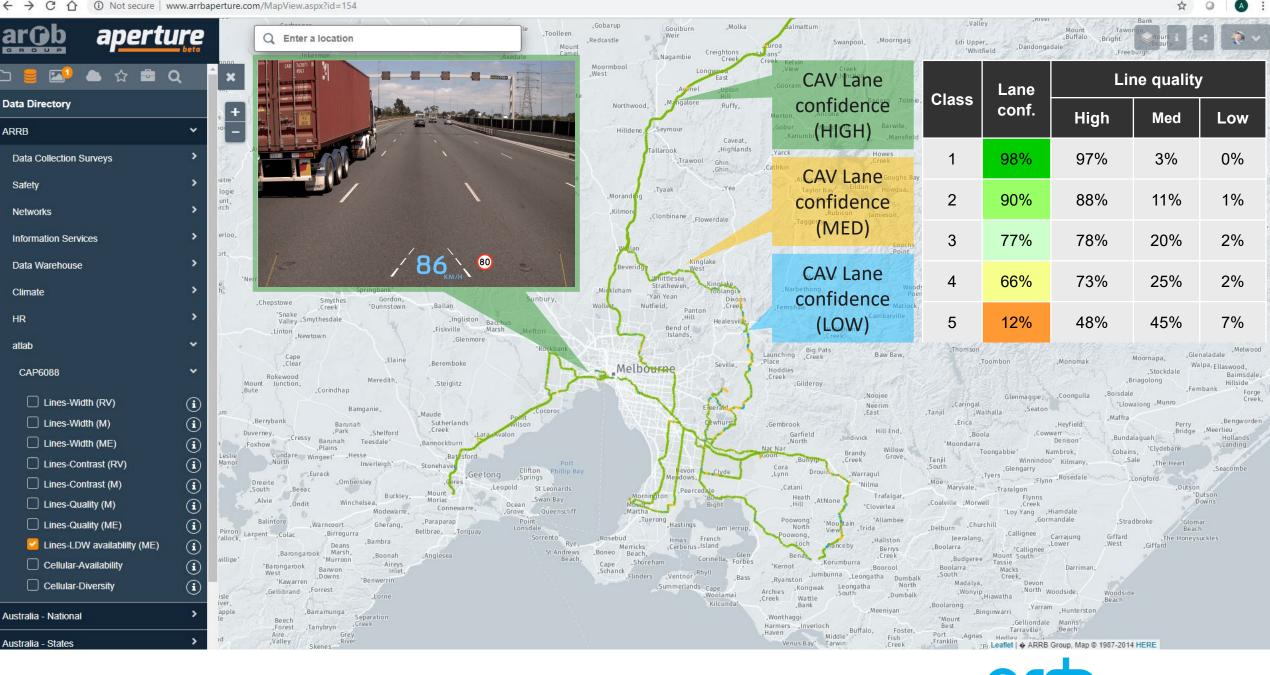


The future – new vehicle technologies

- Some technologies rely on infrastructure e.g.
 - Collision avoidance and hazard detection, including intersections
 - Speed management
 - In-vehicle signage (e.g. Speed Zone Warning, Stop Sign Warning)
 - Road weather alert systems
 - Post-crash notification systems (e.g. eCall)
 - Lane keeping systems.....









The future - Infrastructure solutions

- Need to embed safety in all projects
 - Safety metrics
 - Road stereotypes / LOS
- Need to increase public understanding
- Quicker adoption of new solutions required



Road description: rural highway, single carriageway, two-lane two-way, AADT 4000-12000															
ID	Star rating (Global iRAP) (Stars) Curvature/grade: straight/0 to <7.5% - moderate/ 0 to <7.5%		Predicted FSI crashes/100 million vkt (ANRAM) Curvature/grade: straight/ 0 to <4% - moderate/ 5 to <7.5%		Formation width (m)	Lane width (m)	Shoulder width (left) (m)	Sealed shoulder width (left) (m)	Runout distance (roadside) (m)	Verge (batter) slope (1:x)	Safety barrier - roadside	Centre barrier	Wide centreline width (m)	Audiotactile edgeline marking (Y/N)	Audiotactile centeline marking (Y/N)
	1	4.9	5.2	0.02	0.02	15.0	3.5	2.5	2.5	-		Flexible	Flexible	2.0-3.0	Y
2	3.7	3.9	2.18-2.24	1.63-1.68	13.0	3.5	2.5	2.5	-		Flexible	-	1.0	Y	N
3	3.6	3.8	2.23-2.29	1.68-1.72	11.0	3.5	1.5	0.5	4.0	6.0	Flexible (targeted)	-	1.0	Y	Y
4	3.6	3.9	2.60-2.68	1.96-2.01	12.0	3.5	2.5	2.5			Flexible		-	N	N
5	3.4	3.7	2.65-2.72	1.99-2.05	11.0	3.5	1.5	0.5	4.0	6.0	-		1.0	Y	Y
6	3.0	3.4	3.47-3.57	2.61-2.69	9.0	3.5	1.0	1.0	4.0	3.0	-		-	Y	Y
7	2.7	3.2-3.1	4.25-4.38	3.19-3.29	9.0	3.5	1.0	1.0	4.0	3.0				N	N
8	2.2-2.1	2.7	5.30-5.46	3.98-4.10	8.0	3.5	0.5	0.5	4.0	3.0	-	-	-	N	N



Concluding comments

- Infrastructure solutions bring substantial benefit at reasonable cost
- Know many of the solutions need to apply more widely
- Vehicle technologies will mean a different infrastructure response is required
- Are challenges to introducing effective infrastructure solutions
 - Embedding safety
 - Public understanding
 - Innovation





SHAPING OUR TRANSPORT FUTURE